Replication, Transcription, Translation Leveled Practice

	Name:	Period:
Replication:		
Level 1: Identify the complementar	y bases for DNA:	
A: T: C:	G:	
Where does replication take place?		
Level 2: Replicate the DNA by writi	ng the COMPLEMENTARY strand:	
TACGGCATCGA A TCA		
Level 3: Identify the following parts Hydrogen Bonds, Nucleotide, Sugar	of the DNA molecule: -Phosphate Backbone, and Base Pairs A=	
S D S S	B=	
G G III C S	D=	
Level 4: Explain how the structure	of DNA allows it to replicate itself perfectly ea	ach time.

<u>Iranscription: DNA vs. RNA</u>							
Level 1: Identify the complementary RNA ba	ises f	from the DN	A stand:				
DNA: A T C G							
RNA:							
Where in the cell does transcription take place	ce ? _						
Level 2: Transcribe the following DNA strand	d into	o mRNA					
TACGGGACTTTAGCA							
Level 3: Identify the following characteristic	s as l	belonging to	DNA. RNA.	Both or Neitl	her		
Double stranded Single		0 0					
Coils into chromosomes A, U, G							
Leaves the nucleus Transc							
	•			nd letter			
Translation:		U	С	A	G		
		UUU } Phe	UCU	UAU } Tyr	UGU Cys	U	
Level 1: Use the codon chart to identify the amino acid that goes with the	U	UUA	UCC UCA Ser	UAC) UAA Stop	UGC Stop	CA	
following mRNA codons:		UUG } Leu	ucg J	UAG Stop	UGG Trp	G	
UUU=	С	CUU .	ccc	CAU His	CGU CGC Arg	U	
CUG=	C	CUA Leu	CCA CCG	CAA GIn	CGA CGG	A G	Thir
AUG=		AUU)	ACU)	AAU1	AGU \ Sor	U	Third letter
UGA=	A	AUC Ile	ACC Thr	AAC Asn	AGC)	CA	-
(write the amino acid as the three letter		AUG Met	ACG	AAG } Lys	AGG Arg	G	
abbreviationex: Met, Val, Leu)		GUU GUC	GCU GCC	GAU Asp	GGU GGC	U	
	G	GUA Val	GCA Ala	GAA Glu	GGA GGG	A G	
		dody	GOG	una)	dddy		
Level 2: Where does translation take place?							

What is made at the end of translation?

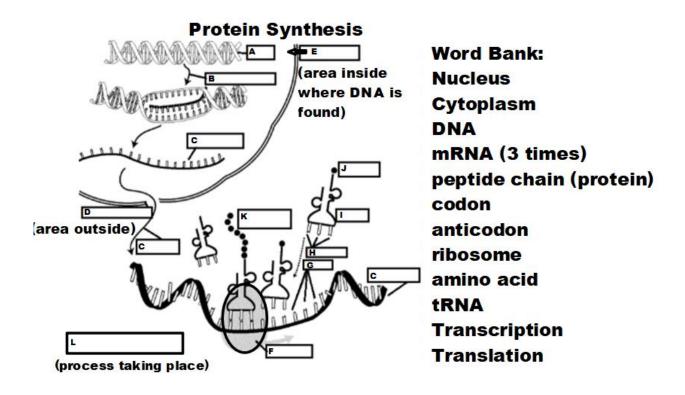
Level 3:

Determine the amino acid sequence from the following strand of mRNA (use the codon chart on the other page)

AUG GAA AAU CAC CGG UAG

____-

Level 4: Use the word bank to identify all of the parts/processes taking place in the picture below



A=	(molecule)	G=	(3 nucleotides)
B=	(process)	H=	(3 nucleotides)
C=	(molecule)	I=	(name of molecule)
D=	(area of cell)	J=	(what is brought by molecule)
E=	(area of cell)	K=	(what is being built)
F=	(cell part)	L=	(name of process)
Level 5: Roles:			
What is the role of the n	nRNA?		
What is the role of the t	RNA?		
What is the role of the r	ibosome?		

Level 6: Putting it All Together:

Transcribe the following strand of DNA

TACGAGCCAATACCCATT

Translate the stand above

<u>Transcribe</u> the following strand of DNA

TACCGGACATTAGCCACT

Translate the stand above

			Seco	nd letter	140	•0
		U	С	Α	G	
First letter	U	UUU Phe UUC Leu UUA Leu	UCU UCC UCA UCG	UAU Tyr UAA Stop UAG Stop	UGU Cys UGC Stop UGG Trp	UCAG
	C	CUU CUC CUA CUG	CCU CCC CCA CCG	CAU CAC His CAA GIn CAG	CGU CGC CGA CGG	UCAG
	A	AUU AUC AUA	ACU ACC ACA ACG	AAU Asn AAC AAA AAA Lys	AGU Ser AGC AGA Arg	GUCAG
	G	GUU GUC GUA GUG	GCU GCC GCA GCG	GAU GAC Asp GAA GAG	GGU GGC GGA GGG	UCAG